

**Table 1: Safety Function Descriptions**

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
SF0	Internal	<b>Emergency Stop</b> 1, 2, 3, 4  <i>There are two separate Emergency Stop safety functions</i>	Pressing the Estop PB on the pendant <sup>1</sup> or the External Estop (if using the Estop Safety Input configured for Estop) results in both a Cat 0 and a Cat 1 stop according to IEC 60204-1 (NFPA79) <sup>3</sup> . These are <b>SF0</b> and <b>SF1</b> respectively.  <b>SF0:</b> 524ms timer setting in each safety controller’s microprocessor. At the end of the 524ms, Cat 0 stop <sup>3</sup> (IEC 60204-1) is triggered by each micro. <b>SF1:</b> Command <sup>1</sup> all joints to stop and upon all joints coming to a standstill state, power is removed. This is a Cat 1 stop <sup>3</sup> per IEC 60204-1.  The stopping times <sup>4</sup> of the <b>SF0</b> and <b>SF1</b> Estop safety functions differ.	Robot Arm
SF1			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SF0</b> has a functional safety rating of PLd Cat3 with the absolutely worst case stopping time, as if all joint monitoring failed at the same time and after 524ms, then power is immediately removed. This results in a worst case stopping time of 1250ms</li> <li>• <b>SF1</b> has a functional safety rating of PLd Cat2 with a reliable (see functional safety information) and realistic maximum stop time of approximately 300ms for UR3 and 400ms for UR5/UR10. See the User Manual for specific information. The application stop time can be reduced depending on the application’s safety limits (SF3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9) settings and the use of the stop time information provided in the manual.</li> </ul>	

<sup>1</sup> **The communications between the Teach Pendant and the controller AND within the robot arm (between joints) are SIL 2** for safety data, according to IEC 61784. Any failure will be detected within 8ms.

<sup>2</sup> **Estop validation:** the pendant Estop pushbutton is evaluated within the pendant, then communicated<sup>1</sup> to the safety controller by SIL2 communications. To validate the pendant Estop function, press the Pendant Estop pushbutton and verify that an Estop results. This validates that the Estop is connected within the pendant, functioning as intended, and the pendant is connected to the controller. See Estop Output for information about Estop I/O.

<sup>3</sup> **Stop Categories** according to IEC 60204-1 (NFPA79)

- **Category 0 and 1** result in the removal of drive power, with Cat 0 being IMMEDIATE and Cat 1 being a controlled stop (decelerate then remove power). Estop MUST be either Cat 0 or Cat 1.
- **Category 2** is a stop where drive power is NOT removed. For Category 2 stops, their specifications are defined in IEC 61800-5-2.

<sup>4</sup> **Emergency Stop response time:** From a user interface standpoint, selecting Estop results in having both the PLd Cat 2 and PLd Cat 3 Estop. It is an integration decision whether the PLd Cat2 or PLd Cat3 response time is to be used for the calculation of the stopping distance.

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
SF2	Logic and outputs INTERNAL	<b>Safeguard stop (Protective Stop)</b>	This safety function is triggered by an external protective device using safety inputs which will trigger a Cat 2 stop <sup>3</sup> per IEC 60204-1. <i>For the functional safety rating of the complete integrated safety function, add the PFHd of the external protective device to the PFHd of SF2.</i> <i>If a PLd Cat3 stop is needed for protective devices, connect the protective device and configure the input as if it were an external Estop input (See SF0).</i>	<b>Robot Arm</b>
SF3	Internal	<b>Joint Position Limit (soft axis limiting)</b>	Exceeding the joint position limit results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>5</sup> (IEC 60204-1). Each joint can have its own limit. <i>Directly limits the set of allowed joint positions which the joints are allowed to move to. It is set directly in the safety setup part of the UI where you can enter values. It is a means of soft axis limiting.</i>	<b>Joint (each)</b>
SF4	Internal	<b>Joint Speed Limit</b>	Exceeding a joint speed limit results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>5</sup> per IEC 60204-1. Each joint can have its own limit. <i>Directly limits the set of allowed joint speeds which the joints are allowed to perform. It is set directly in the safety setup part of the User Interface where you can enter values.</i> <i>It can be used to limit fast joint movements, for instance to limit risks related to singularities.</i>	<b>Joint (each)</b>
SF5	Internal	<b>Joint Torque Limit</b>	Exceeding the robot's joint torque limit (each joint) results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>5</sup> (per IEC 60204-1) of the robot. <b><i>This safety function is not accessible to the user as it is a factory setting. It is part of the force limiting safety function.</i></b>	<b>Joint (each)</b>

<sup>5</sup> **Stop Categories** according to IEC 60204-1 (NFPA79)

- **Category 0 and 1** result in the removal of drive power, with Cat 0 being IMMEDIATE and Cat 1 being a controlled stop (decelerate then remove power). Estop MUST be either Cat 0 or Cat 1.
- **Category 2** is a stop where drive power is NOT removed. For Category 2 stops, their specifications are defined in IEC 61800-5-2.

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
SF6	Internal	TCP Pose Limit	Monitors the <b>TCP Pose</b> (position and orientation), any violation of a safety plane or TCP Pose Limit will result in a Cat 0 stop <sup>6</sup> (IEC 60204-1). <i>This safety function consists of two parts. One is the safety planes for limiting the possible TCP positions. The second is the TCP orientation limit, which is entered as an allowed direction and a tolerance.</i> <i>This can be considered to be TCP inclusion/ exclusion zones due to the safety planes. When a limit (plane or TCP pose) is violated, a Cat 0 stop is triggered.</i>	TCP
SF7	Internal	TCP Speed Limit	Exceeding the <b>TCP speed limit</b> results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>6</sup> (IEC 60204-1).	TCP
SF8	Internal	TCP Force Limit	Exceeding the <b>TCP force limit</b> results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>6</sup> (IEC 60204-1). <i>Limits the external force exerted by the robot. See also Joint Torque Limit (SF0).</i>	TCP
SF9	Internal	Momentum Limit	Exceeding the momentum limit results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>6</sup> (IEC 60204-1). <i>The momentum limit is very useful for limiting transient impacts.</i> <i>The Momentum Limit affects the entire robot arm.</i>	Robot Arm
SF10	Internal	Power Limit	Exceeding the power limit results in a Cat 0 stop <sup>6</sup> (IEC 60204-1). <i>This function monitors the mechanical work (sum of joint torques times joint angular speeds) performed by the robot, which also affects the current to the robot arm as well as the speed of the robot arm.</i> <i>This function dynamically limits the current/torque but maintain the speed.</i> <i>To use, lower the limit until the system faults. Then slowly raise the limit until it works without nuisance stops under normal operating conditions.</i>	Robot Arm

<sup>6</sup> **Stop Categories** according to IEC 60204-1 (NFPA79)

- **Category 0 and 1** result in the removal of drive power, with Cat 0 being IMMEDIATE and Cat 1 being a controlled stop (decelerate then remove power). Estop MUST be either Cat 0 or Cat 1.
- **Category 2** is a stop where drive power is NOT removed. For Category 2 stops, their specifications are defined in IEC 61800-5-2.

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
SF11	Internal as a function with dual outputs	UR Robot Estop Output	<p>When configured for Estop output and there is an Estop condition (see SF1), the dual outputs are LOW. If there is no Estop condition, dual outputs are high. Pulses are not used but they are tolerated.</p> <p><i>The functional safety rating is for what is within the UR robot and an external electro-mechanical emergency stop pushbutton (as if actuation were 1/hour). If there are external logic and/or additional components, then add the PFHd of the Estop function (SF0 or SF1) with the PFHd of the external logic (if any) and its components.</i></p> <p><i>NOTE: When using the Estop INPUT, the UR safety controller evaluates the Estop input. Validation would include checking the inputs. The safety controller evaluation is after the Estop PB connection at the inputs<sup>7</sup></i></p>	External connection to logic &/or equipment
SF12	Internal as a function with dual outputs	UR Robot Moving: Digital Output	<p>Whenever the robot is moving (motion underway), the dual digital outputs are LOW. Outputs are HIGH when no movement.</p> <p><i>The functional safety rating is for what is within the UR robot. The integrated functional safety performance requires adding this PFHd to the PFHd of the external logic (if any) and its components.</i></p>	External connection to logic &/or equipment
SF13	Internal as a function with dual outputs	UR Robot Not stopping: Digital Output	<p>Whenever the robot is STOPPING (in process of stopping or in a stand-still condition) the dual digital outputs are HIGH. When outputs are LOW, robot is NOT in the process or stopping and NOT in a stand-still condition.</p> <p><i>The functional safety rating is for what is within the UR robot. The integrated functional safety performance requires adding this PFHd to the PFHd of the external logic (if any) and its components.</i></p>	External connection to logic &/or equipment

<sup>7</sup> **Estop validation:** the pendant Estop pushbutton is evaluated within the pendant, then communicated<sup>1</sup> to the safety controller by SIL2 communications. To validate the pendant Estop function, press the Pendant Estop pushbutton and verify that an Estop results. This validates that the Estop is connected within the pendant, functioning as intended, and the pendant is connected to the controller. See Estop Output for information about Estop I/O.

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
<b>SF14</b>	Internal as a function with dual outputs	<b>UR Robot Reduced Mode: Digital Output</b>	<p>Whenever the robot is in reduced mode, the dual digital outputs are LOW. Reduced Mode can be triggered by a safety plane or by use of an input to trigger (see Reduced Mode Input below).</p> <p><i>Reduced mode is not a safety function, rather it is a state affects the following safety function limits: SF3 joint position, SF4 joint speed, SF6 TCP pose limit, SF7 TCP speed, SF8 TCP force, SF9 momentum, and SF10 power.</i></p> <p><i>The functional safety rating is for what is within the UR robot. The integrated functional safety performance requires adding this PFHd to the PFHd of the external logic (if any) and its components.</i></p>	<b>External connection to logic &amp;/or equipment</b>
<b>SF15</b>	Internal as a function with dual outputs	<b>UR Robot Not Reduced Mode: Digital Output</b>	<p>Whenever the robot is NOT in reduced mode, the dual digital outputs are LOW.</p> <p><i>The functional safety rating is for what is within the UR robot. The integrated functional safety performance requires adding this PFHd to the PFHd of the external logic (if any) and its components.</i></p>	<b>External connection to logic &amp;/or equipment</b>
<b>Robot Reduced Mode</b>	Internal Logic and Outputs, with Dual Inputs (1 through 4)	<b>Reduced Mode Input</b>	<p>When the external connections are Low, Reduced Mode is triggered. Reduced Mode means that ALL reduced mode limits are ACTIVE</p> <p><i>Reduced mode is not a safety function, rather it is a state that affects the following safety functions' limits: joint position, joint speed, TCP pose limit, TCP speed, TCP force, momentum, power.</i></p>	<b>Robot Arm</b>
<b>Safeguard Reset</b>	Internal Logic and Outputs, with Dual Inputs (1 through 4)	<b>Safeguard Reset Input</b>	<p>When configured for Safeguard Reset and the external connections transition from low to high, the safeguard stop RESETS</p> <p>Safety input to trigger reset of safeguard stop safety function SF2.</p>	<b>Robot</b>

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Internal within UR robot	Safety Function	Description	What is controlled?
<b>Enabling Device</b>	External Enabling Device as input to UR Robot logic	<b>3 Position Enabling Device INPUT</b>	<p>When the external Enabling Device connections are Low, a Safeguard Stop (SF2) is triggered.</p> <p><b>Recommendation:</b> <i>Use with a mode switch as a safety input.</i></p> <p><i>If a mode switch is not used and connected to the safety inputs, then the robot mode will be determined by the User Interface. If the User Interface is in</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>“run mode”, the enabling device will not be active.</i></li> <li>• <i>“programming mode”, the enabling device will be active. It is possible to use password protection for changing the mode by the User Interface.</i></li> </ul>	<b>Robot</b>
<b>Mode Selection</b>	External Mode Switch using dual Inputs (1 through 4) and internal logic	<b>Mode switch INPUT</b>	<p>When the external connections are Low, Operation Mode (running) is in effect. When High, the mode is programming or teach.</p> <p><b>Must be used with an Enabling Device as a safety input.</b></p> <p><i>When in Teach/Program (Mode switch inputs high), enabling device is required for operation. When in teach/program, initially the TCP speed will be limited to 250mm/s.</i></p> <p><i>The speed can manually be increased by using the pendant user interface “speedslider”, but upon activation of the enabling device, the speed limitation will reset to 250mm/s.</i></p>	<b>Robot</b>

**Table 2: Compliance and ISO 13849-1 Functional Safety Information** <sup>8, 9</sup>

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Safety Function	Limits or configuration by USER or Factory Setting	Stop Category per IEC 60204-1 <sup>10</sup>	Type Stop <sup>11, 12</sup> per IEC 61800-5-2 if power to final switching devices is retained (for Cat 2 stop per IEC 60204-1)	PL	Cat	PFHd UR 3/5/10
SF0	<b>Emergency Stop</b> 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17  <i>There are two separate Emergency Stop safety functions: SF0 and SF1</i>	No	<b>Cat 1</b> <i>524ms time-delay before Cat 0 stop is triggered</i>	NA	d	3	<b>4.38E-8</b> See <sup>13</sup>

<sup>8</sup> **MTTFd is limited to 100 years by ISO 13849-1.** The actual MTTFd values are greater than 100 years.

<sup>9</sup> **For all safety functions, the MTTFd is 100 years** (limited to 100 years by ISO 13849-1) **and the DCavg is 90%.**

<sup>10</sup> **Stop Categories according to IEC 60204-1 (NFPA79)**

- Category 0 and 1 result in the removal of drive power, with Cat 0 being IMMEDIATE and Cat 1 being a controlled stop before removal of power). Estop MUST be either Cat 0 or Cat 1.
- Category 2 is a stop where drive power is NOT removed. Category 2 stop specifications are defined in IEC 61800-5-2.

<sup>11</sup> **SS2 (Safe Stop 2) according to IEC 615800-5-2**

- initiates and controls the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor AND initiates the safe operating stop function when the motor speed is below a specified limit; OR
- initiates and monitors the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor and initiates the safe operating stop function when the motor speed is below a specified limit; OR
- initiates the motor deceleration and initiates the safe operating stop (SOS) function after an application specific time delay.

NOTE This safety function corresponds to a controlled stop in accordance with stop category 2 according to IEC 60204-1.

<sup>12</sup> **SOS (Safe Operating Stop) according to IEC 615800-5-2:** The SOS function prevents the motor from deviating more than a defined amount from the stopped position. The PDS(SR) provides energy to the motor to enable it to resist external forces. NOTE This is a Stop category 2 per IEC 60204-1.

<sup>13</sup> **Emergency stop safety functions:** MTTFd, DCavg and PFHd uses fault exclusion in accordance with ISO 13849-1 due to use of direct acting contacts. If fault exclusion were **not** used, then the PFHd values would be: **SF0:** 1.60E-07; **SF1:** 4.27E-07; **SF11:** 1.56E-07.

<sup>14</sup> **Emergency stop components and safety function** complies with IEC 60204-1, IEC 60947-5-1 (direct acting contacts), ISO 13850 and ISO 13849-1.

<sup>15</sup> **Communications between the Teach Pendant and the controller, as well as within the robot arm & between joints) are SIL 2** for safety data, according to IEC 61784. Any failure will be detected within 8ms.

<sup>16</sup> **Estop validation:** the pendant Estop pushbutton is evaluated within the pendant, then communicated<sup>1</sup> to the safety controller by SIL2 communications. To validate the pendant Estop function, press the pendant Estop pushbutton and verify that an Estop results. This validates that the Estop is connected within the pendant, functioning as intended, and the pendant is connected to the controller. See Estop Output for information about Estop I/O.

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Safety Function	Limits or configuration by USER or Factory Setting	Stop Category per IEC 60204-1 <sup>10</sup>	Type Stop <sup>11, 12</sup> per IEC 61800-5-2 if power to final switching devices is retained (for Cat 2 stop per IEC 60204-1)	PL	Cat	PFHd UR 3/5/10
SF1	<b>Emergency Stop</b> <sup>14, 16, 17</sup> <i>There are two separate safety functions: SF0 &amp; SF1</i>	No	<b>Cat 1</b> <i>when at SS1 standstill, Cat 0 stop triggered</i>	<b>SS1</b> <sup>18</sup> when at SS1 standstill, Cat 0 stop triggered	d	2	<b>3.16E-07</b> See <sup>13</sup>
SF2	<b>Safeguard stop (Protective Stop)</b>	No	<b>Cat 2</b>	<b>SS2</b> <sup>11,19</sup>	d	2	<b>3.15E-07</b>
SF3	<b>Joint Position Limit (soft axis limiting)</b>	Limits	<b>Cat 0</b>	NA	d	2	<b>3.15E-07</b>
SF4	<b>Joint Speed Limit</b>	Limits	<b>Cat 0</b>	NA	d	2	<b>2.72E-07</b>
SF5	<b>Joint Torque Limit</b>	factory setting	<b>Cat 0</b>	NA	d	2	<b>3.15E-07</b>

<sup>17</sup> **Emergency Stop response time:** From a user interface standpoint, selecting Estop results in having both the PLd Cat 2 and PLd Cat 3 Estop. It is an integration decision whether the PLd Cat2 or PLd Cat3 response time is to be used for the calculation of the stopping distance.

<sup>18</sup> **SS1 (Safe Stop 1)** according to IEC 615800-5-2

- a) initiates and controls the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor and initiates the STO function (see 4.2.2.2) when the motor speed is below a specified limit; or
- b) initiates and monitors the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor and initiates the STO function when the motor speed is below a specified limit; or
- c) initiates the motor deceleration and initiates the STO function after an application specific time delay.

NOTE This safety function corresponds to a controlled stop in accordance with stop category 1 of IEC 60204-1.

<sup>19</sup> **SS2 (Safe Stop 2)** according to IEC 615800-5-2

- a) initiates and controls the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor AND initiates the safe operating stop function when the motor speed is below a specified limit; OR
- b) initiates and monitors the motor deceleration rate within set limits to stop the motor and initiates the safe operating stop function when the motor speed is below a specified limit; OR
- c) initiates the motor deceleration and initiates the safe operating stop (SOS) function after an application specific time delay.

NOTE This safety function corresponds to a controlled stop in accordance with stop category 2 of IEC 60204-1

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Safety Function	Limits or configuration by USER or Factory Setting	Stop Category per IEC 60204-1 <sup>10</sup>	Type Stop <sup>11, 12</sup> per IEC 61800-5-2 if power to final switching devices is retained (for Cat 2 stop per IEC 60204-1)	PL	Cat	PFHd UR 3/5/10
SF6	TCP Pose Limit	Limits	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF7	TCP Speed Limit	Limits	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF8	TCP Force Limit	Limits	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF9	Momentum Limit	Limits	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF10	Power Limit	Limits	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF11	UR Robot Estop Output	Output & I/O Configuration	See Estop SF1	See Estop SF1	d	2	4.41E-08 See <sup>13</sup>
SF12	UR Robot Moving: Digital Output	Output & I/O Configuration	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF13	UR Robot Not stopping: Digital Output	Output & I/O Configuration	Cat 0	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF14	UR Robot Reduced Mode: Digital Output	Output & I/O Configuration	Cat 0 if fault detected	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
SF15	UR Robot Not Reduced Mode: Digital Output	Output & I/O Configuration	Cat 1 (controlled stop)	NA	d	2	3.15E-07
Robot Reduced Mode	Reduced Mode INPUT	Input & I/O Configuration	Cat 2	SS2 <sup>11, 19</sup>	d	2	3.15E-07

TUV NORD Certified safety function	Safety Function	Limits or configuration by USER or Factory Setting	Stop Category per IEC 60204-1 <sup>10</sup>	Type Stop <sup>11, 12</sup> per IEC 61800-5-2 if power to final switching devices is retained (for Cat 2 stop per IEC 60204-1)	PL	Cat	PFHd UR 3/5/10
<b>Safeguard Reset</b>	Safeguard Reset INPUT	Input & I/O Configuration	<b>Cat 2</b>	<b>SS2</b> <sup>11, 19</sup>	<b>d</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3.15E-07</b>
<b>Enabling Device</b>	3 Position Enabling Device INPUT	Input & I/O Configuration	<b>Cat 2</b>	<b>SS2</b> <sup>11, 19</sup>	<b>d</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3.15E-07</b>
<b>Mode Selection</b>	Mode switch INPUT	Input & I/O Configuration	<b>Cat 2</b>	<b>SS2</b> <sup>11, 19</sup>	<b>d</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3.15E-07</b>

**NOTE**

**Stopping times of the SF0 and SF1 Emergency Stop safety functions:**

**SFO** has a functional safety rating of PLd Cat3 with the absolutely worst case stopping time, as if all joint safety monitoring failed at the same time and after 524ms, then power is immediately removed. This results in a worst case stopping time of 1250ms

**SF1** has a functional safety rating of PLd Cat2 with a reliable (see functional safety information) and realistic maximum stop time of approximately 300ms for UR3 and 400ms for UR5/UR10. See the User Manual for specific information. The application stop time can be reduced depending on the application's safety limits (SF3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9) settings and the use of the stop time information provided in the manual.

From a user interface standpoint, selecting Estop results in having both the PLd Cat 2 and PLd Cat 3 Estop. It is an integration decision whether the PLd Cat2 or PLd Cat3 response time is to be used for the calculation of the stopping distance.